
phipam-pyclient Documentation

Release 0.1

Vinicius Arcanjo

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

phpipam-pyclient is a REST-client CLI tool to interface with PHPIpam REST API. phpipam-pyclient leverages python fire and requests under the hood, some high level functions have been implemented to allow the user to quickly query certain information about the devices on PHPIpam. In addition, you can use this library to build your Ansible inventory by filtering a field/column of the devices on PHPIpam.

1.1 Testing

Integration tests are implemented with pytest validating both Python2.7 and Python3.5 on a docker-based environment, in two stages:

- installation: validates a installation from strach with selenium.
- client-server API: validates this phpipam-pyclient with the phpipam REST API.

The following versions of PHPIpam are being tested on GitLab CI:

- 1.3.2
- 1.3.1
- 1.3

CHAPTER 2

Installation

You have two options, either via the source code on Github or Docker:

2.1 via Github

1 - Git clone

```
git clone https://github.com/viniarck/phpipam-pyclient.git  
cd phpipam-pyclient
```

2 - Install Python requirements dependencies, either via user install or virtualenv:

2.1 - pip user install:

```
pip install -e .
```

2.1 - or virtualenv:

```
virtualenv -p python3.6 .venv  
source .venv/bin/activate  
pip install -e .
```

2.2 via Docker

```
docker run -i -t -d --name phpipam-pyclient registry.gitlab.com/viniarck/phpipam-  
pyclient:dev
```

Edit your config.json file, either mount or copy to the container:

```
docker cp <config.json> phpipam-pyclient:/app/phpipam_pyclient/
```

Run the application:

```
docker exec -i -t phpipam-pyclient /bin/bash -c 'phpipam-pyclient'
```

CHAPTER 3

Configuration

In order to connect to PHPIpam REST API you have to edit the `phpipam_pyclient/config.json` file, which by default comes with the following configuration:

```
{  
    "base_url": "http://ipam/api",  
    "api_name": "testing",  
    "user": "admin",  
    "passwd": "my-secret-pw"  
}
```

- `base_url`: This is the url of PHPIpam API `http(s)://<phpipam_server>/api`, make sure to adjust either http or https and the hostname of the PHPIpam server accordingly.
- `api_name`: The name of the API you have enabled on PHPIpam settings.
- `user`: username that will be authenticated on PHPIpam
- `passwd`: user's password

Optionally, if you don't want to specify another location for the `config.json` file, you can set the environment variable `PHPIPAM_PYCLIENT_CFG_FILE` which has higher precedence.

Note: When you enable API either choose `ssl` if you have https enabled or leave it as `None` for http. I haven't tested the crypto option.

CHAPTER 4

Usage

phippam-client leverages python fire to implement the CLI, you can start by checking what options are available:

Note: Before you use this client, the PHPIpam server has to be up and running, since it's going to connect to it.

```
root@c0630eda943f:/app# phippam-pyclient
Type:          PHPIpamClient
String form: <phippam_pyclient.phippam_pyclient.PHPIpamClient object at
             0x7f8b49a44550>
Docstring:    PHPIPam Python API Client

Usage:         phippam-pyclient -
              phippam-pyclient - add-device
              phippam-pyclient - ansible-inv-endpoint-field
              phippam-pyclient - auth-session
              phippam-pyclient - list-device-fields
              phippam-pyclient - list-devices
              phippam-pyclient - load-config
              phippam-pyclient - version
```

Since I don't have any devices yet, let me start off by checking the arguments of the add-device function:

- input:

```
phippam-pyclient - add-device -- --help
```

- output:

```
root@c0630eda943f:/app# phippam-pyclient - add-device -- --help
Type:          method
String form: <bound method PHPIpamClient.add_device of <__main__.PHPIpamClient object
             at 0x7fd016505828>>
File:         phippam_pyclient.py
Line:         125
```

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```
Docstring: Adds device to PHPIpam given a dictionary that represents a device  
i.e., it should have these keys at least  
'ip', 'hostname', 'description'
```

```
:device: dictionary that represents a device  
:Returns: REST post status code
```

```
Usage:      phpipam-pyclient - add-device [DEVICE]  
           phpipam-pyclient - add-device [--device DEVICE]
```

Let's add three devices on PHPIPam:

- input:

```
phpipam-pyclient add-device --device '{hostname:"server1",ip:"1.2.3.4",description:  
→ "backend"}'  
phpipam-pyclient add-device --device '{hostname:"server2",ip:"1.2.3.5",description:  
→ "backend"}'  
phpipam-pyclient add-device --device '{hostname:"server3",ip:"1.2.3.6",description:  
→ "frontend"}'
```

- output

Note all REST calls returned 201 (OK) status code:

```
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phpipam_pyclient# phpipam-pyclient add-device '  
→{hostname:"server1",ip:"1.2.3.4",description:"backend"}'  
201  
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phpipam_pyclient# phpipam-pyclient add-device '  
→{hostname:"server2",ip:"1.2.3.5",description:"backend"}'  
201  
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phpipam_pyclient# phpipam-pyclient add-device '  
→{hostname:"server3",ip:"1.2.3.6",description:"frontend"}'  
201  
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phpipam_pyclient#
```

Now, let's list all devices on PHPIPam:

- input:

```
phpipam-pyclient list-devices
```

- output:

```
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phpipam_pyclient# phpipam-pyclient list-devices  
{ "sections": "1;2", "snmp_v3_priv_protocol": "none", "snmp_queries": null, "hostname":  
→ "server1", "snmp_port": "161", "rack_size": null, "id": "1", "location": null,  
→ "snmp_v3_priv_pass": null, "description": "backend", "snmp_v3_auth_pass": null, "ip":  
→ "1.2.3.4", "editDate": null, "snmp_v3_ctx_name": null, "snmp_timeout": "500",  
→ "snmp_v3_auth_protocol": "none", "rack_start": null, "snmp_v3_ctx_engine_id": null,  
→ "rack": null, "type": "0", "snmp_version": "0", "snmp_community": null, "snmp_v3_  
→ sec_level": "none" }  
{ "sections": "1;2", "snmp_v3_priv_protocol": "none", "snmp_queries": null, "hostname":  
→ "server2", "snmp_port": "161", "rack_size": null, "id": "2", "location": null,  
→ "snmp_v3_priv_pass": null, "description": "backend", "snmp_v3_auth_pass": null, "ip":  
→ "1.2.3.5", "editDate": null, "snmp_v3_ctx_name": null, "snmp_timeout": "500",  
→ "snmp_v3_auth_protocol": "none", "rack_start": null, "snmp_v3_ctx_engine_id": null,  
→ "rack": null, "type": "0", "snmp_version": "0", "snmp_community": null, "snmp_v3_  
→ sec_level": "none" }
```

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```
{"sections": "1;2", "snmp_v3_priv_protocol": "none", "snmp_queries": null, "hostname": "server3", "snmp_port": "161", "rack_size": null, "id": "3", "location": null, "snmp_v3_priv_pass": null, "description": "frontend", "snmp_v3_auth_pass": null, "ip": "1.2.3.6", "editDate": null, "snmp_v3_ctx_name": null, "snmp_timeout": "500", "snmp_v3_auth_protocol": "none", "rack_start": null, "snmp_v3_ctx_engine_id": null, "rack": null, "type": "0", "snmp_version": "0", "snmp_community": null, "snmp_v3_sec_level": "none"}
```

Sweet! What if I wanted to export these devices as an Ansible inventory? I can group Ansible servers by their description, for example:

- input:

```
phppipam-pyclient ansible-inv-endpoint-field devices/ "description"
```

Note: Essentially, this command queries the devices/ endpoint and it'll group all hostnames according to their description, you could group by any other attribute if you wanted.

```
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phppipam_pyclient# phppipam-pyclient ansible-inv-endpoint-field devices/ "description"
[frontend]
server3

[backend]
server1
server2
```

From this point forward, Ansible all the way to do whatever you need. But, what if you wanted to check all the other available fields what you could filter? If you had custom fields they would show up here too.

- input:

```
phppipam-pyclient list-device-fields
```

- output:

```
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phppipam_pyclient# phppipam-pyclient list-device-fields
Type: dict_keys
String form: dict_keys(['rack_size', 'snmp_v3_priv_pass', 'snmp_community', 'snmp_v3_priv_protocol', 'sections', 'snmp_v3_ctx_name', 'snmp_v3_sec_level', 'editDate', 'rack_start', 'hostname', 'snmp_version', 'snmp_queries', 'snmp_v3_auth_pass', 'snmp_timeout', 'id', 'rack', 'description', 'location', 'snmp_v3_ctx_engine_id', 'ip', 'snmp_v3_auth_protocol', 'type', 'snmp_port'])
Length: 23

Usage: phppipam_pyclient.py list-device-fields
       phppipam_pyclient.py list-device-fields isdisjoint
root@c0630eda943f:/app/phppipam_pyclient#
```